

Fairfield Public School

Anti-bullying Plan 2023



Bullying:

Preventing and Responding to Student Bullying at Fairfield Public School

The NSW Department of Education and Fairfield Public School reject all forms of bullying behaviours, including online (or cyber) bullying by maintaining a commitment to providing a safe, inclusive and respectful learning community that promotes student wellbeing. Executive staff are committed to establishing evidence-based approaches and strategies that promote a positive climate where bullying is less likely to occur.

Definition of Bullying

Bullying is repeated verbal, physical, social or psychological behaviour that is harmful and involves the misuse of power by an individual or group towards one or more persons. Cyberbullying refers to bullying through information and communication technologies.

Bullying can involve humiliation, domination, intimidation, victimisation and all forms of harassment, including that based on sex, race, disability, homosexuality or transgender. Bullying of any form or for any reason can have long-term effects on those involved, including bystanders.

Conflict or fights between equals or single incidents are not defined as bullying.

Bullying behaviour can be:

- **Verbal** - e.g. name-calling, teasing, abuse, putdowns, sarcasm, insults, threats
- **Physical** - e.g. hitting, punching, kicking, scratching, tripping, spitting
- **Social** – e.g. ignoring, excluding, ostracising, alienating, making inappropriate gestures
- **Psychological** – e.g. spreading rumours, dirty looks, hiding or damaging possessions, malicious SMS, social media and email messages, inappropriate use of mobile phones and cameras.

The term “bullying” has a specific meaning. The school’s Anti-bullying plan sets out **the process for preventing and responding to student bullying**. The school has a range of policies and practices, including welfare and discipline policies that apply to student behaviour generally.

Schools exist in a society where incidents of bullying may occur. Preventing and responding to bullying behaviour in learning and working environments is a shared responsibility of all departmental staff, students, parents, caregivers and members of the wider school community.

School staff have a responsibility to:

- respect and support students;
- model and promote appropriate behaviour;
- have knowledge of school and departmental policies relating to bullying behaviour, and
- respond in a timely manner to incidents of bullying according to the school’s Anti-bullying Plan.

In addition, teachers have a responsibility to:

- provide curriculum and pedagogy that supports students in developing an understanding of bullying and its impact on individuals and the broader community.

Students have a responsibility to:

- behave appropriately, respecting individual differences and diversity;
- report incidents of bullying;
- behave as responsible bystanders,
- behave as responsible digital citizens; and
- respond to incidents of bullying according to the school’s Anti-bullying Plan.

Parents and carers have a responsibility to:

- support their children to become responsible citizens and to develop responsible online behaviour;
- be aware of the school Anti-bullying Plan and assist their children in understanding bullying behaviour;
- support their children in developing positive responses to incidents of bullying consistent with the school Anti-bullying Plan;
- report incidents of school-related bullying behaviour to the school, and
- work collaboratively with the school to resolve incidents of bullying when they occur.

All members of the school community have a responsibility to:

- model and promote positive relationships that respect and accept individual differences and diversity within the school community;
- support the school’s Anti-bullying Plan through words and actions, and
- work collaboratively with the school to resolve incidents of bullying when they occur.

This plan outlines the processes for preventing and responding to student bullying in our school and reflects the *Bullying: Preventing and Responding to Student Bullying in Schools Policy* of the New South Wales Department of Education.

This plan has been compiled in consultation with our community including parents, teachers, staff and children. Surveys were distributed to parents, staff and children. Focus groups with members of these groups will revise these procedures periodically.

Opportunities for parents to provide feedback are welcomed through communication with relevant staff.

Statement of purpose

The Fairfield Public School community values respect, the opportunity to participate actively in the life of the school and an individual's right to belong safely to our school community, in order to achieve their best. It is expected that all school members uphold these values.

All members of the Fairfield Public School community are expected to share responsibility for promoting a school environment in which everyone feels safe, valued, respected and included. It is expected that all members of the community contribute to the prevention of bullying by modelling and promoting appropriate behaviour and respectful relationships.

At Fairfield Public School we believe that students should be provided with opportunities to learn about acceptance and inclusion. We support the development of skills to be able to self-regulate behavior. We acknowledge that incidents of bullying can have lasting effects on individuals and hinder their social and emotional development, as well as hindering their academic achievement. In recognition of this, bullying will not be tolerated at Fairfield Public School.

Protection

Protection refers to those factors that increase the likelihood of positive experiences and buffer against the effects of negative experiences.

In schools, a positive school culture that fosters student connection with both the school and the wider community will support the development of protective factors that include relationships, knowledge and skills.

Strategies include:

- developing a shared understanding of bullying behaviour that captures all forms of bullying including cyberbullying
- developing a statement of purpose that outlines individual and shared responsibilities of students, parents, caregivers and teachers for preventing and responding to bullying behaviour
- maintaining a positive climate of respectful relationships where bullying is less likely to occur.
- lessons related to the PBL program and values.

Our school will endeavour to maintain a positive climate of respectful relationships where bullying is less likely to occur. We know that it is possible for bullying to occur in any context. Bullying behaviours sometimes exist as children grow and change. Our goal is to empower both the victim and the perpetrator to develop lifelong skills in resilience and appropriate social engagement.

Bullying behaviour can be:

- verbal e.g. name calling, teasing, abuse, putdowns, sarcasm, insults, threats
- physical e.g. hitting, punching, kicking, scratching, tripping, spitting
- social e.g. ignoring, excluding, ostracising, alienating, making inappropriate gestures
- psychological e.g. spreading rumours, dirty looks, hiding or damaging possessions, malicious SMS and email messages, inappropriate use of camera phones.

Conflict or fights between equals or single incidents are not defined as bullying.

The role of the bystander is recognised as being part of the bullying behaviour unless they intervene, walk away or tell a teacher.

Cyber Bullying can look like:

- Harassing and threatening messages
- Denigration – sending nasty SMS, pictures or prank phone calls
- Impersonation - using a person's screen name or password
- Outing or trickery – sharing personal information, messages, pictures with others
- Posting 'set up' images/video
- Ostracism – intentionally excluding others from an online group
- Sexting – sharing explicit material by mobile phone.

School staff have a responsibility to:

- respect and support students
- model and promote appropriate behaviour
- have knowledge of school and departmental policies relating to bullying behaviour
- respond in a timely manner to incidents of bullying according to the school's Anti-bullying Plan
- provide learning activities that support students to develop an understanding of bullying and its impact on individuals and the broader community. This includes developing an awareness of the Rock and Water strategies to teach students strategies to help them to deal with bullying.
- explicitly teach lessons developed by the PBL team.

Students have a responsibility to:

- behave appropriately, respecting individual differences and diversity
- behave as responsible digital citizens
- follow the school Anti-Bullying Plan
- behave as responsible bystanders
- report incidents of bullying to a teacher

Students can expect to:

- know that their concerns will be responded to by school staff and they will be supported with those concerns
- participate in learning experiences that promote positive relationships, safety, equity, and address discrimination, bullying and harassment.

Parents and caregivers have a responsibility to:

- support their children to become responsible citizens and to develop responsible online behaviour e.g. understanding age limits for social media, apps and games
- assist their children to understand bullying behaviour as outlined in the school's Anti-bullying Plan
- support their children in developing positive responses to bullying consistent with the Anti-bullying plan
- report incidents of school related bullying to the school
- work collaboratively with the school to resolve incidents of bullying when they occur
- not approach students under any circumstances.

Prevention

Prevention builds on the protective factors and refers to strategies specifically designed to prevent bullying behaviour such as developing and implementing programs for bullying prevention and embedding anti-bullying messages into learning activities each year.

Our school is committed to positive programs to teach students skills to protect themselves and others. The following strategies are in place at Fairfield Public School to effectively teach the skills and understandings that will minimise bullying behaviours.

These include:

- PBL (Positive Behaviour for Learning) philosophy
- whole school values (Be Safe, Be Respectful, Be a Learner) and rules
- values education and social skills underpinning everything that is done at Fairfield Public School. These are taught through PBL with a whole school focus on being safe, respectful learners.

- Child Protection lessons which are undertaken every year by all classes. These include the key messages of “No, Go, Tell’ when dealing with unsafe situations
- Personal Development and Health lessons to develop protective behaviours, develop skills in dispute resolution and enhance self-esteem
- learning activities around the themes of tolerance, respect and the acceptance of diversity as part of Harmony Day and the National Day of Action Against Bullying.

In the **playground** there are:

- proactive duty teachers with a consistent approach to support student interactions
- clear rules and expected playground behaviours are explicitly taught throughout the year through the Positive Behaviour for Learning program
- expected playground behaviours displayed on signs around the school
- quality playground spaces to play in and engage in a variety of activities
- opportunities for students to borrow sports equipment at playtimes
- buddies that mentor younger students

School strategies that contribute to our supportive culture include:

- clear school rules and expectations
- a strong, positive school team with high expectations and skills in student welfare
- the Learning Support Team
- rewarding and recognising good behaviour and achievement
- the school reward system including PBLs and individual classroom reward systems
- leadership training for Year 6 students, SRC representatives and students showing leadership potential
- peer support
- weekly focus on PBL a particular PBL core value
- Bouce Back room
- restorative conversations - student to student, student to teacher.

Early Intervention

Early Intervention refers to providing support before an issue emerges or escalates such as:

- developing and implementing early intervention support for students who are identified by the school as being at risk of developing long-term difficulties with social relationships
- developing and implementing early intervention support for those students who are identified at or after enrolment as having experienced bullying or engaged in bullying behaviour.

School strategies that contribute to early intervention may include:

- clear school rules and expectations
- social skills programs from the PDHPE syllabus
- minor incidents or potential conflict is mediated in the playground as early as possible by staff
- major and severe incidents recorded and tracked in student management software
- Positive Behaviour for Learning team analyses data and drafts ideas for whole staff discussion
- Learning Support Team referrals, discussion, consultation and at times, further meetings with the school counsellor
- teachers, executive and Learning Support may write Individual Behaviour Plans
- plans of action and follow up discussed with students, staff and parents where appropriate
- counselling and social skills teaching with staff and executive staff reinforcing lessons taught on an individual or small group basis
- school executive discussions with parents, teachers and individuals, small groups and large groups of students
- proactive programs put in place for some students to address specific needs e.g. resilience, anger management or social skills
- referrals to outside agencies and programs
- behaviour meetings with stage supervisors.

Response

Below is a suggested set of steps to be followed when a bullying incident occurs.

1. If a student is being bullied, they should try to tell the person to 'Stop!' using a firm voice and assertive body language. If it is difficult to stand up to the bully, the student should just walk away and tell a teacher. It is never okay to retaliate.
2. The student needs to report the incident to the teacher, either in the classroom or on playground duty. If the incident has occurred on the playground, students are to report it to their classroom teacher as well when classes resume. They are expected to report it on the day it happens.
3. The teacher/AP/DP/principal will investigate the report as soon as possible by interviewing the victim and any witnesses. The alleged bully will also be interviewed to obtain their version of events. Written notes should be kept as a record of the interviews and students should be asked to confirm the content of their statements. These notes must remain confidential.
4. The teacher/AP/DP/principal will make a decision on whether bullying has occurred or not and then decide on an appropriate consequence. The possible consequences include:
 - being asked to give an apology
 - restorative conversation between students involved
 - loss of play time
 - loss of privileges e.g. jobs, excursions, PSSA
 - restriction of play areas
 - monitoring with a behaviour card
 - being spoken to by the teacher/AP/DP/principal
 - informing parents/parent interview
 - verbal warning
 - school severe behaviour protocols - PBL consequence matrix
 - verbal warning
 - official warning of suspension letter
 - suspension
5. Restorative justice practices will be a key element of any discussions with the bully and victim, with the intention that the perpetrator understands the impact of their actions and builds empathy for the victim.

6. A positive resolution where the perpetrator can admit that they made a bad choice with their actions and apologises, and the victim can accept the apology and forgive the perpetrator will always be sought, although it might not always occur.
7. Following the intervention of the teacher/AP/DP/principal, it is hoped that the issue will be resolved and the students involved can get along without bothering each other, even though they are not expected to be close friends.
8. The victim will be informed that they should report any further incidents directly to a teacher. The perpetrator will be informed that a repeat of any bullying behaviour will have a more severe consequence.
9. The incident will be recorded on the school's student management system for both the bully and victim.
 - If cyber-bullying has taken place, students should inform their parents/carers, a teacher or another trusted adult. The Assistant Principal, Deputy Principal or Principal is to then be informed. Online incidents will be recorded.
 - If a student sees or hears someone being bullied they have a responsibility to try to support the victim and inform the class teacher, the teacher on playground duty, Assistant Principal, Deputy Principal or the principal. **Bystander behaviour is unacceptable.**
 - Incidents of racism should be reported to the school's Anti-Racism Contact Officer (ARCO).
 - School counsellor support for the victim or bully may also be sought following an incident.

Workplace Bullying

If bullying is occurring in the workplace between a colleague, student or parent/caregiver, the staff member must arrange a time to speak with the Principal, a member of the School Leadership Team, the School Counsellor or the NSW Teachers Federation Representative. Department of Education employees can access the Employee Assistance Program for free, confidential professional help on 1300 366 789.

Parents/Carers

When a parent/carer becomes aware of an incident of bullying, they should:

1. Discuss the issue with their child, asking questions to gain as much information as they can
2. Arrange a time to meet with their child's classroom teacher as soon as possible. This can be done by speaking with the teacher directly or by contacting the office to arrange a suitable time. The teacher will document the conversation and make copies as necessary. Written notes will be made for phone conversations.
3. Work with the school to resolve any issues and not approach any students under any circumstances. For the safety of all students, any parent/carer who approaches a student regarding an incident may be banned from the school under the Inclosed Lands Act. Parents are also requested to not approach other parents about any bullying incidents, but rather let the school deal with the issues.
4. Incidents of racism should be reported to the school's Anti-Racism Contact Officer (ARCO). Each year nominations for this role take place, please contact the school office for the contact officer's name.

Raising Awareness

The school's Anti-Bullying Plan is available on the school's website. Copies are available from the office. Regular communication in the newsletter will take place to inform the community of specific programs that focus on the prevention of bullying. Teachers refer to the 'Bullying. No Way!' program supported by the Australian Government at bullyingnoway.gov.au.

Additional Information

For more information and support:

- Kids Helpline: 1800 55 1800
- School Counsellor: 9724 1065
- Fairfield Police Youth Liaison Officer - 9728 8399

Websites

These websites include practical advice about bullying at school for parents and families:

www.bullyingnoway.com.au
www.racismnoway.com.au
www.esafety.gov.au/esafety-information

Principal's comment

This plan has been updated in 2023. At Fairfield Public School we are committed to providing a safe and happy environment for all members of our community. This plan will be used to work with the community to ensure all members are aware of their responsibilities and can actively contribute to making our school a bullying free environment.

This plan was revised by:

The PBL Committee comprising:

Ken Smith (Principal); Nathan Jeffrey (Assistant Principal - Wellbeing); Virginia Tran (Teacher); Shatha Dawod (Teacher); Raymond Custodio (Teacher); Luise Hing (Teacher)

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